

Evidence based caries risk management

STEP 1 Caries risk factors	STEP 2	Classification of active c	aries lesions
Identify caries risk factors for your patient from the list below. Combine these risk factors with your patient's current caries status in STEP TWO to identify their caries risk.	Identify your patients current caries status. Based on Step 1 and Step 2, select the likelihood: Active moderate or extensive caries lesions Active initial caries lesions No active caries lesions		
Head and neck radiation Hypo-salivation / gross indicators of dry mouth PUFA (exposed pulp, ulceration, fistula, abscess) – dental sepsis	High likeliho	od — High likelihood -	Moderate likelihood
Dry mouth Inadequate oral hygiene Deficient exposure to topical fluoride High frequency / intake of sugary drinks / snacks Symptomatic-driven dental attendance Socio-economic status / health access barriers For children: high incidence of caries in mothers or caregivers Thick plaque: evidence of sticky biofilm in plaque stagnation areas Appliances, restorations and other causes of increased biofilm retention Exposed root surfaces	High likeliho	od — Moderate likelihood -	Low likelihood
Lack of any caries risk factor	Moderate likeli	hood — Moderate likelihood	Low likelihood

Patient home care

Dental team care

Low likelihood

- Brush teeth 2x per day with 1000-1500 ppm fluoride toothpaste
- Floss daily

Visit interval 12 – 24 months

Moderate likelihood

- Brush teeth 2-3x per day with a high fluoride toothpaste if 10 years and over (5000 ppm fluoride)
- Brush teeth with 1000-1500 ppm fluoride toothpaste 2-3x per day if under 10 years of age
- Use a fluoride mouthrinse at a time separate to brushing (≥150 ppm fluoride F)
- Improve oral health behaviour
- Interdental cleaning

- Diet counselling on reducing sugar intake and/or frequency of snacking
- Discuss current medication situation/hypo-salivation management techniques
- Discuss use of recreational drugs
- Sealants
- Fluoride gels or solutions
- Visit interval 6 months
- Fluoride varnish 2x per year

High likelihood

- Brush teeth 2-3x per day with a high fluoride toothpaste if 10 years and over (5000 ppm fluoride)
- Brush teeth with 1000-1500 ppm fluoride toothpaste 2-3x per day if under 10 years of age
- Use a fluoride mouthrinse at a time separate to brushing (≥150 ppm fluoride F)
- Improve oral health behaviour
- Interdental cleaning

- Diet counselling on reducing sugar intake and/or frequency of snacking
- Discuss current medication situation/hypo-salivation management techniques
- Discuss use of recreational drugs
- Sealants
- Fluoride gels or solutions
- Visit interval 3 months
- Fluoride varnish 4x per year